#### § 25.25-3

#### §25.25-3 Definitions.

As used in this subpart:

- (a) Approved means approved under subchapter Q of this chapter.
- (b) *Use* means operate, navigate, or employ.

# §25.25-5 Life preservers and other lifesaving equipment required.

- (a) No person may operate a vessel to which this subpart applies unless it meets the requirements of this subpart.
- (b) Each vessel not carrying passengers for hire, less than 40 feet in length must have at least one life preserver (Type I PFD), buoyant vest (Type II PFD), or marine buoyant device intended to be worn (Type III PFD), approved under subchapter Q of a suitable size for each person on board. Kapok and fibrous glass life preservers that do not have plastic-covered pad inserts as required by subparts 160.062 and 160.005 of this chapter are not acceptable as equipment required by this paragraph.
- (c) Each vessel carrying passengers for hire and each vessel 40 feet in length or longer not carrying passengers for hire must have at least one life preserver approved under subchapter Q of a suitable size for each person on board. Kapok and fibrous glass life preservers which do not have plastic-covered pad inserts as required by subparts 160.002 and 160.005 of this chapter are not acceptable as equipment required by this paragraph.
- (d) In addition to the equipment required by paragraph (b) or (c) of this section, each vessel 26 feet in length or longer must have at least one approved ring life buoy, constructed in accordance with subpart 160.050 of this chapter; except a ring life buoy that was approved under former subpart 160.009 of this chapter may be used as long as it is in good and serviceable condition.
- (e) Each vessel not carrying passengers for hire may substitute an immersion suit for a life preserver, buoyant vest, or marine buoyant device required under paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section. Each immersion suit carried in accordance with this paragraph must be of a type approved under subpart 160.171 of this chapter.
- (f) On each vessel, regardless of length and regardless of whether carry-

ing passengers for hire, an approved commercial hybrid PFD may be substituted for a life preserver, buoyant vest, or marine buoyant device required under paragraphs (b) or (c) of this section if it is—

- (1) Used in accordance with the conditions marked on the PFD and in the owner's manual;
- (2) Labeled for use on commercial vessels; and
- (3) In the case of a Type V commercial hybrid PFD, worn when the vessel is underway and the intended wearer is not within an enclosed space.

[CGD 72-172R, 38 FR 8117, Mar. 28, 1973, as amended by CGD 77-081, 47 FR 10558, Mar. 11, 1982; CGD 82-075a, 49 FR 4483, Feb. 7, 1984; CGD 78-174A, 51 FR 4350, Feb. 4, 1986; CGD 78-174, 60 FR 2485, Jan. 9, 1995; CGD 97-057, 62 FR 51042, Sept. 30, 1997]

### §25.25-7 Marking.

The lifesaving equipment required by this subpart must be legibly marked as specified in subchapter Q of this chapter

#### §25.25-9 Storage.

- (a) The lifesaving equipment designed to be worn required in §25.25-5 (b), (c) and (e) must be readily accessible.
- (b) Lifesaving equipment designed to be thrown required in  $\S25.25-5(d)$  must be immediately available.

[CGD 72-172R, 38 FR 8117, Mar. 28, 1973, as amended by CGD 82-075a, 49 FR 4483, Feb. 7, 1984]

## §25.25-11 Condition.

The lifesaving equipment required by this subpart must be in serviceable condition.

# §25.25-13 Personal flotation device lights.

- (a) This section applies to vessels described in  $\S25.25-1$  that engage in ocean, coastwise, or Great Lakes voyages.
- (b) Each immersion suit carried in accordance with §25.25–5(e), each life preserver, each marine buoyant device intended to be worn, and each buoyant vest must have a personal flotation device light that is approved under subpart 161.012 of this chapter.

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